



Jet Propulsion Laboratory
California Institute of Technology

Game Changing Antenna Technologies Enabling New Class of Earth Science and Interplanetary Mission

Antenna Technologies

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NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory / California Institute of Technology

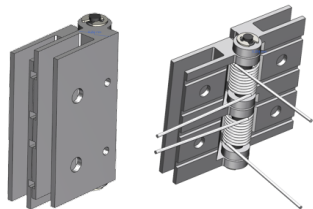
American Geophysical Union Fall Meeting – Washington D.C. – 10-14 Dec 2018

Pre-Decisional Information – For Planning and Discussion Purposes Only

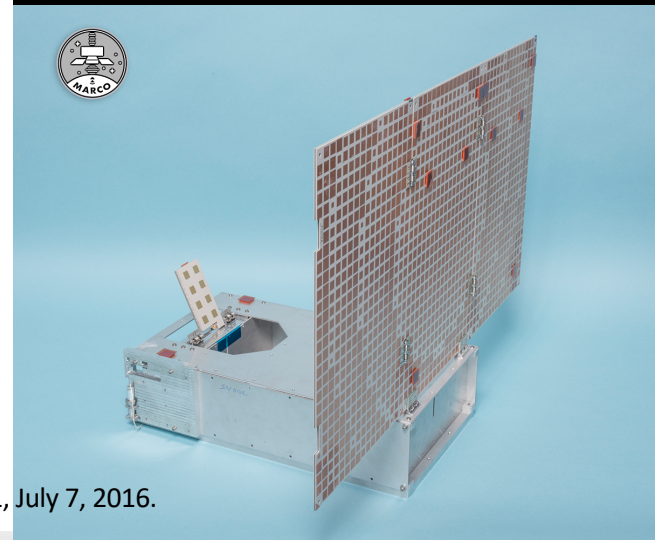
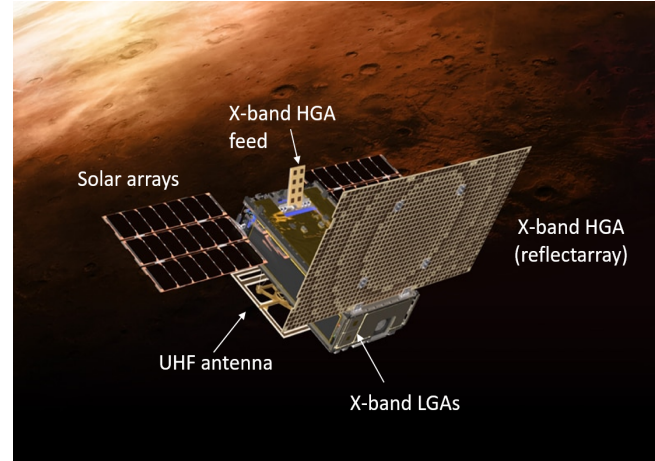
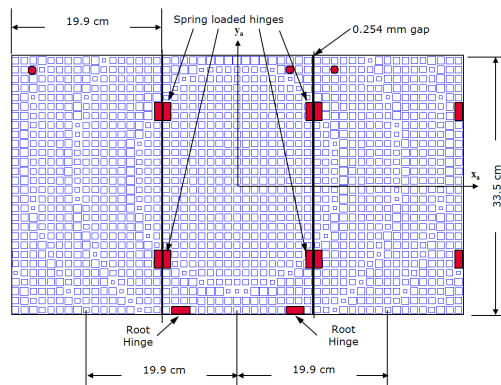
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Mars Cube One: MarCO

- **Challenge:** bent pipe communication at 1.04AU from Earth – i.e. receive and transmit at the same data rate (8kbps)
- **Drastic requirements:**
 - Stowage volume: 12.5mm × 210mm × 345mm
 - Gain of at least 28dBic (required aperture: 335mm × 587mm)



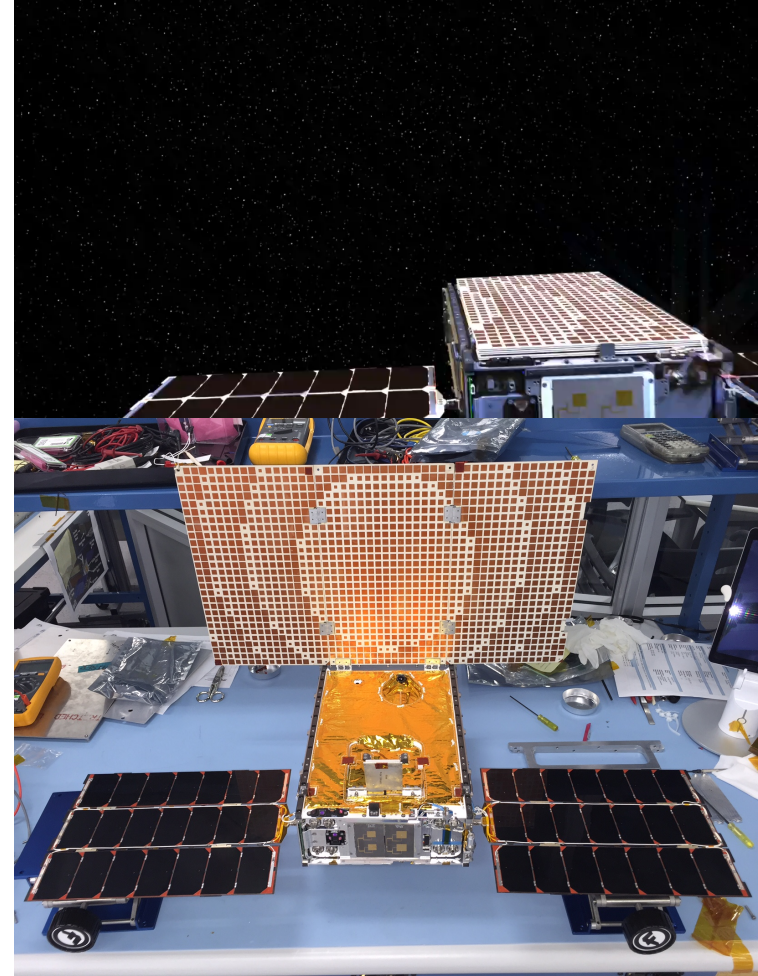
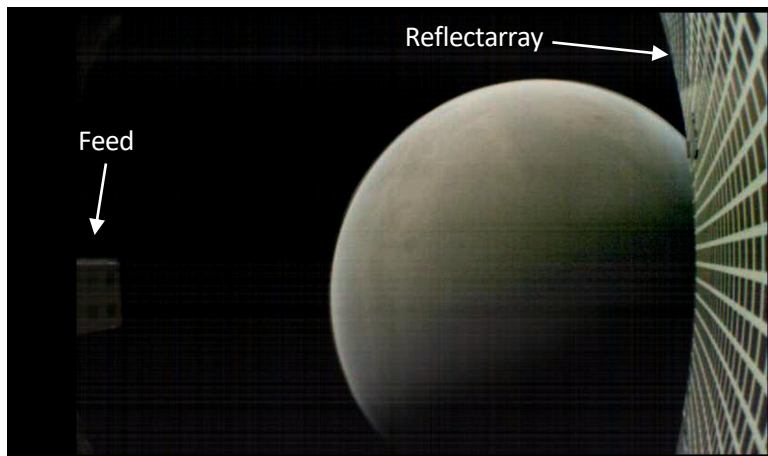
Custom made hinges



Patented technology: “Deployable reflectarray high gain antenna for satellite applications”, US #15/204,951, July 7, 2016.

Mars Cube One: MarCO

- **Demonstrated in Space:**
 - Successful deployment of two antennas in space
 - Quick gain assessment has shown that the gain is within $\pm 0.4\text{dB}$.
 - Pattern successfully verified in space
- **An historical deployment witnessed by a picture**



RainCube: Radar in a CubeSat

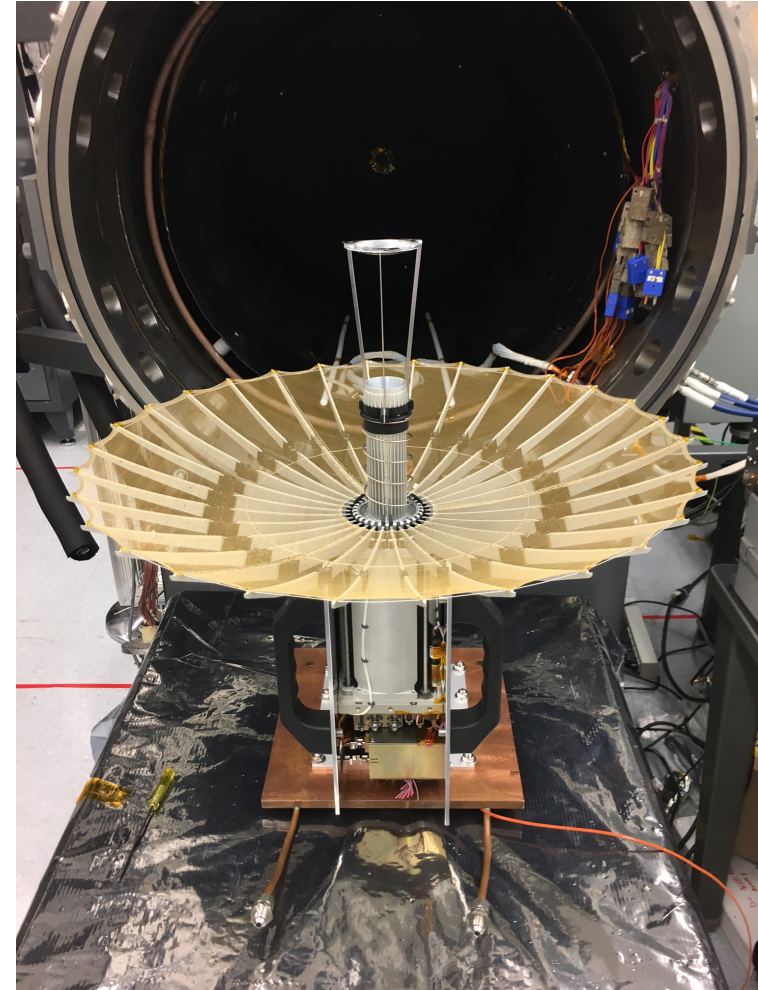
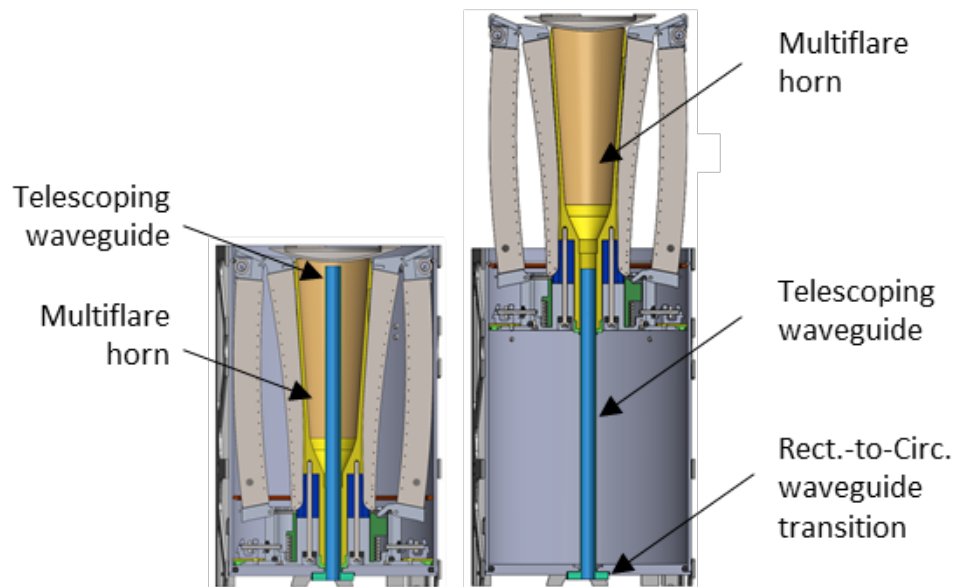
- 0.5-m reflector Ka-band antenna
- Polarization: V-polarization
- Gain: 42.6 dBi
- Efficiency: 56%
- HPBW: **$0.57^\circ \rightarrow$ footprint = 8.0km**
- Key RF innovation:
 - Compensation of the non parabolic shape
 - Telescoping waveguide
 - 40 opening per inch (OPI) mesh reflector
 - Capability of modeling accurately the Ka-band antenna including the shape distortion and OPI

N. Chahat, R. E. Hodges, J. Sauder, M. Thomson, E. Peral and Y. Rahmat-Samii, "CubeSat Deployable Ka-Band Mesh Reflector Antenna Development for Earth Science Missions," *IEEE Trans. Antennas & Propag.*, vol. 64, no. 6, pp. 2083-2093, June 2016.



RainCube: Radar in a CubeSat

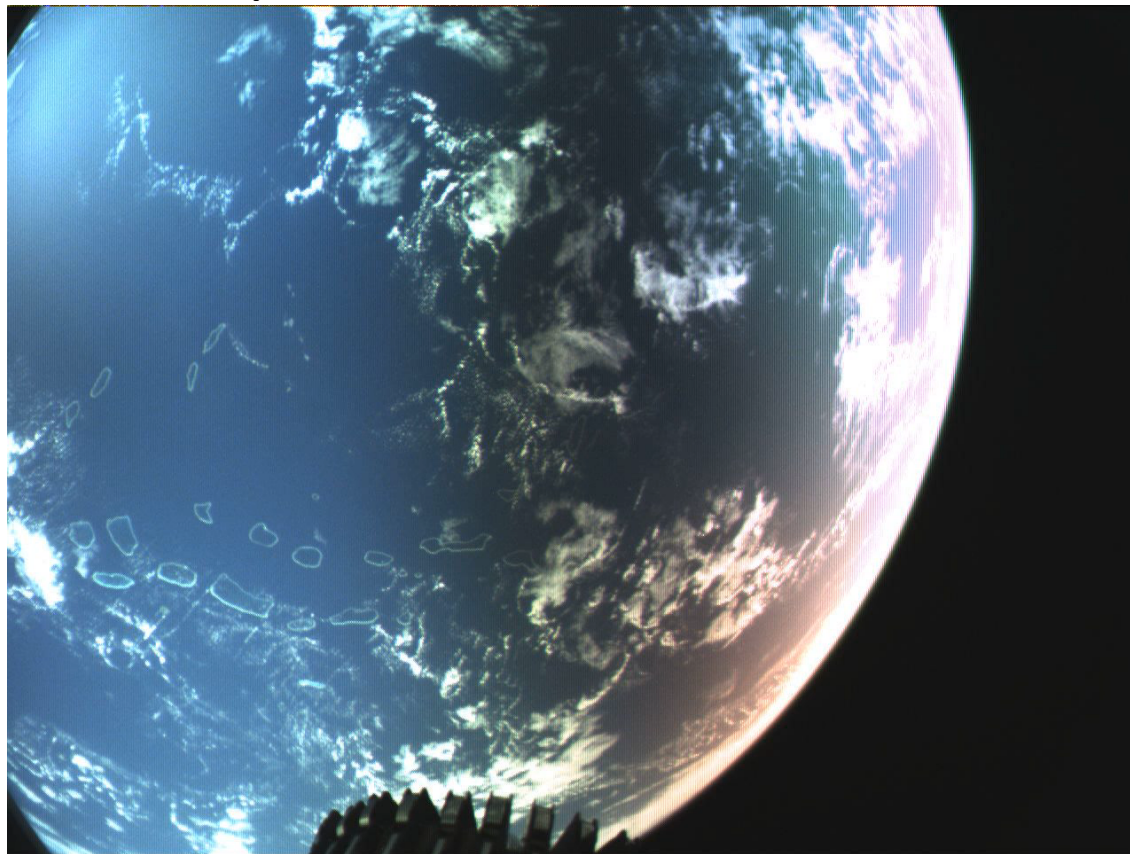
- Antenna description:



N. Chahat, R. E. Hodges, J. Sauder, M. Thomson, E. Peral and Y. Rahmat-Samii, "CubeSat Deployable Ka-Band Mesh Reflector Antenna Development for Earth Science Missions," *IEEE Trans. Antennas & Propag.*, vol. 64, no. 6, pp. 2083-2093, June 2016.

RainCube: Radar in a CubeSat

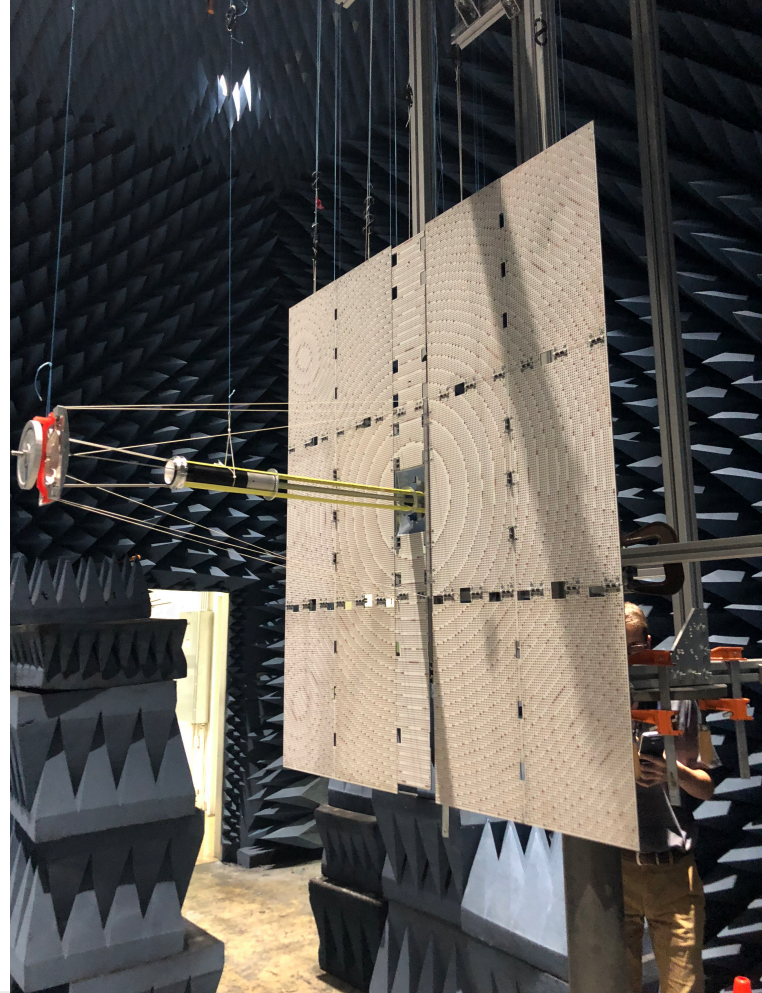
- Successful demonstration in Space:



OMERA: One Meter ReflectArray

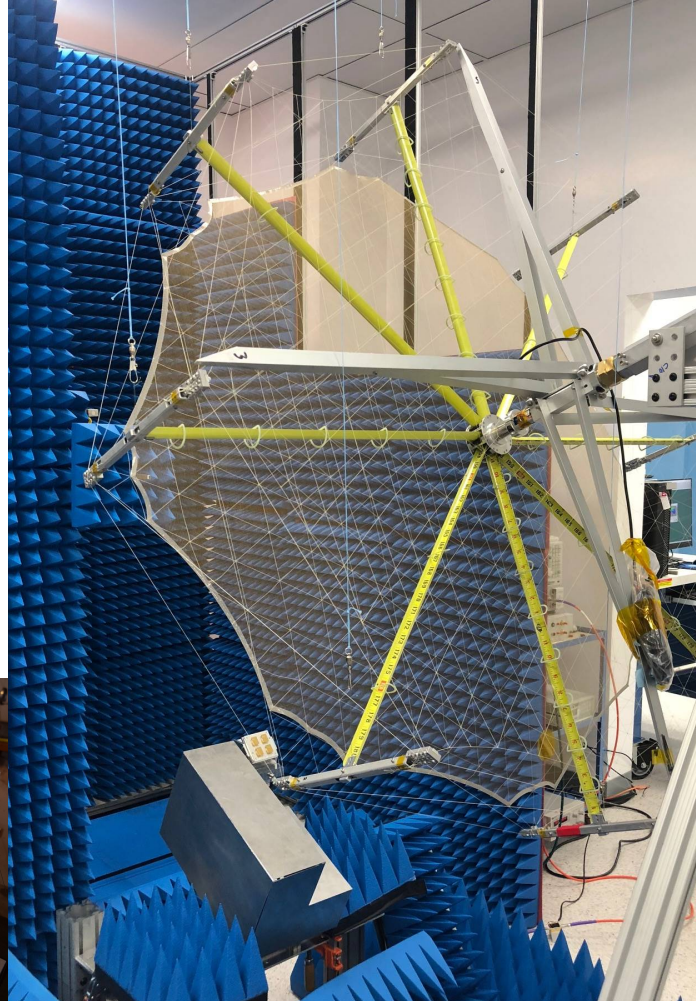
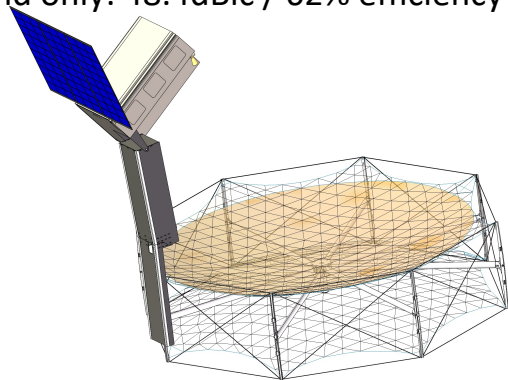
- 1-m reflector Ka-band antenna (98.6cm x 82.1cm)
- Polarization: V-polarization
- Gain: 48.0 dBi
- Efficiency: 47%
- HPBW: **0.28°** → **footprint = 3.9km**
- **Benefits:**
 - Smaller footprint for more powerful radar (2 times smaller compared to Raincube)
 - 8x higher data rates (64kbps from Mars at 1AU)

Patent filed: “One Meter Deployable Reflectarray Antenna for Earth Science Radars or Telecommunication Systems”.



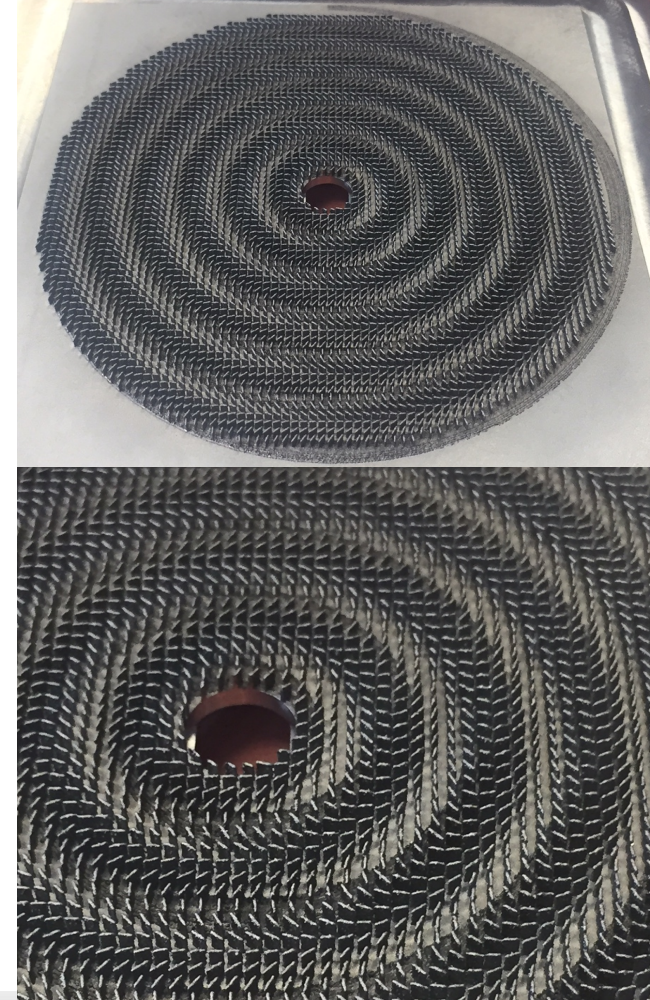
Mesh reflector: Enabling higher data rates for CubeSats

- New deployable mesh reflector addressing a clear telecommunication need for Small Sat / CubeSats for higher data rates
- Covers both X-band and Ka-band (very unlikely to need both at the same time so we are offering the 3 options: X-band only, Ka-band only, X/Ka-band)
 - ❑ X-band only: 36.1dBic / 72% efficiency / 64kbps at 1AU
 - ❑ Ka-band only: 48.4dBic / 62% efficiency / 128kbps at 1AU



Metasurface antenna: the future is flat

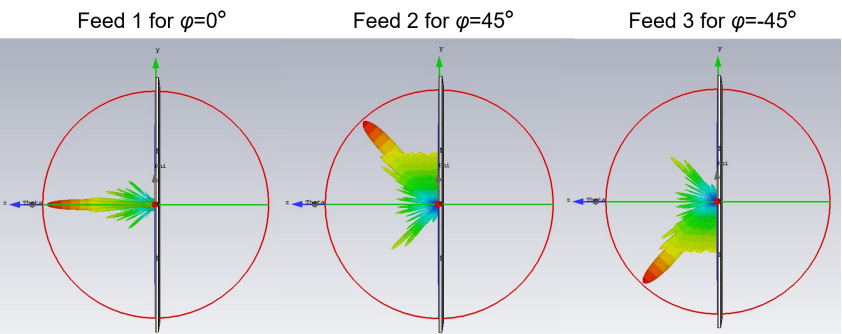
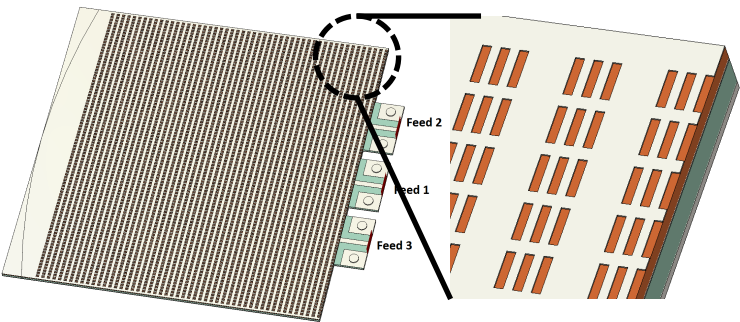
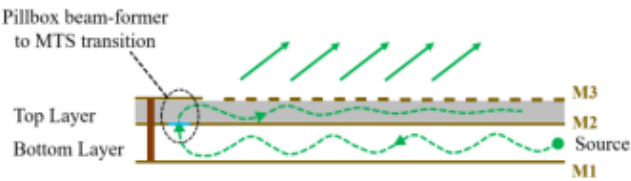
- Flat metasurface antenna for telecommunication at Ka-band
- Polarization: RHCP
- Gain: 26dBi
- Efficiency: 40%
- Key RF innovation:
 - Integrated feed on flat antenna
 - All metal (no dielectric needed)
 - 3D printed antenna
 - Developed in-house s/w (no commercially available solution)
- **Advantages:**
 - Could simplify the deployment complexity of large structure
 - RF performance remains stable over thermal
 - Can sustain high radiation levels
 - Any radiation pattern can be obtained from a flat surface
 - Perfect candidate for platforms with limited stowage volume



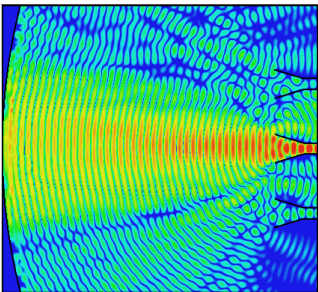
D. González-Ovejero, N. Chahat, R. Sauleau, G. Chattopadhyay, S. Maci and M. Ettorre, "Additive Manufactured Metal-Only Modulated Metasurface Antennas," in *IEEE Transactions on Antennas and Propagation*, vol. 66, no. 11, pp. 6106-6114, Nov. 2018.

Metasurface antenna: Beam Steering in Progress

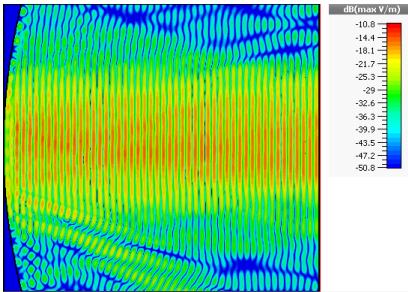
- Flat metasurface antenna at W-band funded by an ACT.
- Gain: 31dBi
- **Key RF innovation:**
 - Pill-box design for steering in φ -direction
 - GaAs Schottky diodes on metasurface steering in θ -direction
- **Advantages:**
 - Flat antenna technology with steering capabilities



E-Field (Silicon Layer)



E-Field (GaAs Layer)



Metasurface antenna: Beam Steering in Progress

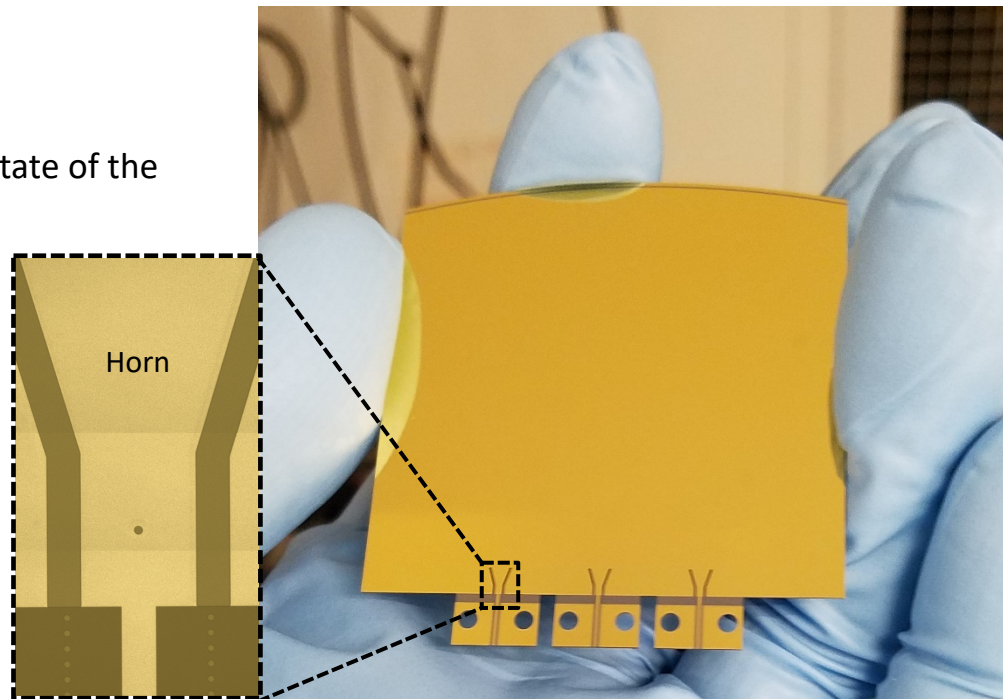
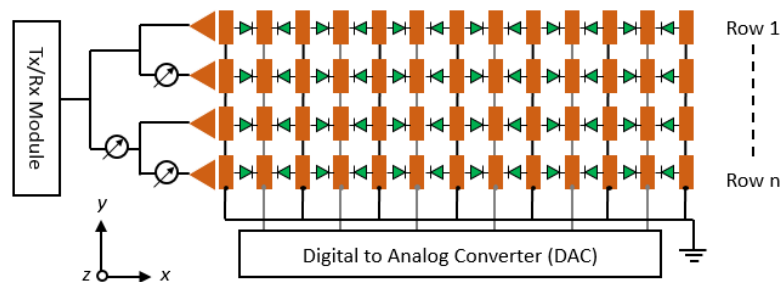
- **Fabrication:**

- Silicon (Si) / Gallium Arsenide (GaAs) semiconductor fabrication technique.

- **CMOS technology:**

- CMOS chip (JPL design) will be used to control the state of the diodes (on / off) to provide full 3D beam steering

➔ low cost antenna technology with potential commercial applications





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Nacer Chahat, 337 Technical Section Staff

Team members: David Gonzalez, Okan Yurduseven, Goutam Chattopadhyay, Choonsup Lee, Tom Cwik, Jonathan Sauder, Manan Arya, Ellen Thiel, Polly Estabrook, Brant Cook, Richard Hodges, Mark Tomson.
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Questions?

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